



When you find the smoker who *knows*, reading his evening paper at home after a good meal, you'll find him enjoying a

Black and White CIGAR - 5c

This cigar has a high-class, imported Havana filler and the best grade of Sumatra wrapper. This fine combination, after skillful blending and seasoning, produces an exceptionally enjoyable blend. BLACK AND WHITE is a 3-for-25c value for 5c. "National" brands are always preserved in perfect smoking condition by our patent conditioning cases.

The best cigars are now sold in the 2,000 Drug Stores having the National Cigar Stands Emblem in the window.

W. B. McPHERSON, 335 Broadway.
F. E. DUNN, Seventh and Clay Streets.
J. D. BACON, Seventh and Jackson Streets.
J. C. GILBERT, 1646 Meyers Street.
PETTIT'S RED CROSS PHARMACY, 12th and Trimble Sts.
JAMES P. SLEETH, 904 Broadway.

SPOONER AS COUNSEL FOR HILL.

Report That Senator Will Receive a Salary of \$50,000.

St. Paul, March 8.—It was learned today from an authority regarded as unimpeachable that John C. Spooner, of Wisconsin, will become general counsel for all the diversified interests of James J. Hill. The Great Northern president offered this position to Spooner six months ago, and the Wisconsin senator, it is said, agreed to accept on condition that he retain his senatorship until May 1. The salary of the senator's new post is understood to be \$50,000 a year. He probably will have his offices in New York City. Elihu Root, secretary of state, is said to have declined the place.

ALICE ROOSEVELT'S WEDDING.
Was something to be recorded in the annals of history. Herbie has been acknowledged the greatest of liver regulators. A positive cure for Bilious Headaches, Constipation, Chills and Fever and all liver complaints. L. C. Smith, Little Rock, Ark., writes: "Herbie is the greatest liver medicine known. Have used it for years. It does the work."
Sold by all druggists.

Mother—"Lulu, give nurse a kiss for finding your ball for you."
Lulu—"No, thanks, for she'll give me a smack in the race as she did father when he tried to kiss her this morning."—Journal Amusant.

If your faith possesses your heart it will propel your feet.

GERMANY AGREES TO TARIFF PLAN

Two Years Extension of Existing Relations

In Meantime It Is Up to Us to Arrange Some Reciprocal Treaty With Kaiser.

FRANCE ABOUT TO RETALIATE.

Washington, March 8.—Just at a time when France is talking about imposing restrictions on American commerce, Germany, with a wise diplomacy which has been so characteristic of the kaiser's government since Baron Sternburg came to the United States, practically has concluded an agreement extending the modus vivendi between the two countries for at least another year. This means that the United States will continue to have the benefit of the lowest German tariff rates on all of our products for another year from next June.

A conference was held between Baron Sternburg and Secretary Root yesterday as a conclusion of the series of similar conferences, several of which have been participated in by the president. As a result of this Baron Sternburg has received assurances that the agreement will be put in shape for signature so that he can carry it back to Germany himself when he sails for home April 9.

This will be the termination of the threatening condition of affairs between the two countries, so far as commerce is concerned, and it is a peculiar personal triumph for Secretary Root and Baron Sternburg. They have between them avoided a commercial war which could not fail to be disastrous to both countries.

Good News to Business World.

The time must come when more favorable arrangements will have to be made on both sides, but extension of the modus vivendi for another year with additional concessions on the part of both the United States and Germany will be good news to all of the manufacturers and producers in this country and to the population of Germany as well.

About a year ago Germany gave notice that unless the United States was prepared to enter into reciprocal agreements the maximum tariff rates of the German empire would be applied on all articles produced in this country. The effect of this course would be to destroy American trade in Germany, which is not a pleasant thing to contemplate, because last year our exports to the fatherland amounted to the respectable total of \$23,742,102. Our imports from Germany at the same time amounted to \$135,142,996. That means, of course, that we sold Germany about \$100,000,000 more than we bought of her, so that in case of a disastrous tariff war between the two countries the United States would be a heavy loser.

Since the beginning of the negotiations President Roosevelt and his administration have been hampered by the fact that under our present system we practically have nothing to offer in the general tariff list to foreign countries which discriminate against us.

Treaties Hung Up in Senate.

There is a reciprocity section in the Dingley bill. It provides that general treaties of this character might be entered into within two years after the passage of the act. That period expired July 24, 1899. Several treaties were negotiated, but only one, that with France, really came within the prescribed limit of time. That treaty and all others are still hung up in the senate. There never has been at any time a serious attempt to pass them, and, of course, it is impossible that any of them should receive consideration at this late day.

The trouble with reciprocity as provided for in the Dingley bill was that it was too indefinite. It necessitated complete recasting of duties for each treaty and practically put into the hands of the state department the delicate duty of revising the tariff list every once in a while. It would have resulted in endless confusion of rates, and importers in this country never would have known when they were likely to be confronted with a low priced article coming in from some new country under a fresh treaty.

With a range of 20 per cent of reduction and certain conflict of one treaty with another, there surely would have been a jumble which would have disarranged business in the United States entirely. For this reason, if for no other, the senate refused to ratify the French treaty.

A fool and his money are soon in court.

NEWS OF KENTUCKY

Most Tragic Death.

Mayfield, Ky., March 8.—Robert Gordon Johnson, son of William M. Johnson, five miles east of the city, met a most tragic death while hauling logs to a saw mill. One of the wagon wheels slipped into a rut causing one of the logs to roll off onto the young man. His body was horribly crushed and one foot almost cut off by a log chain becoming entangled around his leg. Drs. Dismukes were summoned and did all in their power to save the young man, but the loss of blood and the serious injuries that he received caused him to die shortly after the doctors arrived. He was a grandson of Mayor A. J. Watts, of Mayfield, and was a bright and industrious boy. The burial took place Thursday afternoon at Spences chapel. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. C. A. Watterfield.

Date for Powers' Trial.

Judge J. E. Robbins, who was recently appointed special judge to try Caleb Powers by Gov. Beckham, today notified the attorneys on both sides of the case that he would set the case for trial at Georgetown either the fourth Monday in May or the fourth Monday in July. The attorneys are requested to confer and inform him within the next week which date would be most agreeable. The case will, however, certainly be called for trial on one of these two dates with Judge Robbins on the bench.

South Dakota Divorces Dead.

Pierre S. D., March 8.—The house today passed the senate divorce bill, requiring a residence of one year in the state and three months in the county before beginning a divorce suit, with all hearings in open court. This law kills the divorce industry of the state, which has become distasteful to the people of South Dakota.

A Humane Appeal.

A humane citizen of Richmond, Ind., Mr. U. D. Williams, 107 West Main St., says: "I appeal to all persons with weak lungs to take Dr. King's New Discovery, the only remedy that has helped me and fully comes up to the proprietor's recommendation." It saves more lives than all other throat and lung remedies put together. Used as cough and cold cure the world over. Cures asthma, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, quinsy, hoarseness, and phthisis, stops hemorrhages of the lungs and builds them up. Guaranteed at all druggists. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

A scheme is on foot for erecting a Japanese agricultural colony in the heart of Alberta, says the China Telegraph. Well-to-do Japanese farmers are to be taken out, according to the project, and they will turn their attention to the raising of wheat and the cultivation of sugar beets and anything else that will thrive in the climate.

Health in the Canal Zone.

The high wages paid make it a mighty temptation to our young artisans to join the force of skilled workmen needed to construct the Panama Canal. Many are restrained, however, by the fear of fevers and malaria. It is the knowing ones—those who have used Electric Bitters, who go there without this fear, we know they are safe from malarious influence with Electric Bitters on hand. Cures blood poison too, biliousness, weakness and all stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Guaranteed by all druggists. 50c.

"So your husband is going to give up smoking? That requires a strong will." "Yes but I have a strong will."

The Norwegians have whaling establishments in Iceland, Scotland, South America, Japan and elsewhere.



Cut Prices in Dental Work Until April 1st.

Gold Shell Crowns \$5.50
Gold Fillings \$1.00 up
Silver Fillings 75c
Partial Plates \$5.00
All work guaranteed.

Cut this coupon out and bring it with you, it is worth \$1.00. Each person is limited to one coupon for each job of plate or bridge work only. Until after April 1, '07.

Dr. King Brooks
DENTIST.
Sixth and Broadway.



Latest Photograph of MISS EVA LEWIS
1722 Madison Avenue, Chicago

Danderine

GREW MISS LEWIS' HAIR

AND WE CAN

PROVE IT

The Great Danderine Never Fails to Produce the Desired Results

MISS Lewis' hair was very thin and it was less than two feet in length when she began using Danderine. She says her hair and scalp are now fairly teeming with new life and vigor.

That's the main secret of this great remedy's success as a hair grower. It enlivens, invigorates and fairly electrifies the hair glands and tissues of the scalp, causing unusual and unheard-of activity on the part of these two most important organs, resulting in a strenuous and continuous growth of the hair.

The following is a reproduction of Miss Lewis' last letter:

January 3, 1906.

Dear Doctor Knowlton:—

You know I told you in my first letter that my hair would not reach much below my shoulders, and that all of it together only made one tiny braid.

I am sending you my photograph, which I had taken at Stevens Bros. It tells the whole story better than I can tell it.

Everybody I know is using Danderine, so you see I am doing something to show my appreciation.

Sincerely yours, (Miss) EVA LEWIS.

Danderine makes the scalp healthy and fertile and keeps it so. It is the greatest scalp fertilizer the world has ever known. It is a natural food and a wholesome medicine for both the hair and scalp. Even a 25c bottle of it will put more genuine life in your hair than a gallon of any other hair tonic ever made. It shows results from the very start.

NOW at all druggists in three sizes, 25 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle.

FREE. To show how quickly Danderine puts new life in your hair, we will send a large sample free by return mail to the one who sends this advertisement to Dr. Knowlton Danderine Co., Chicago, with their name and address and 10 cents in silver or stamps to pay postage.

A NOTABLE SESSION.

By the magnitude of its achievements the last congress surprised itself even more than it surprised the country. When as a boy hearing of his father's victories, Alexander exclaimed dejectedly to his schoolmates, "Philip will leave nothing for us to do," he felt just about like the present session of congress, when it met last December, felt toward its predecessor. The first session of this congress did so many large things that it seemed to have finished all the work which could be cut out for this congress during the entire term. There was some justification for this assumption. By an act signed by President Roosevelt in 1906 the interstate commerce law signed by President Cleveland in 1887 was extended so as to give the commission created by that act the power, in certain cases, to regulate freight rates on the railways engaged in interstate commerce. That session also passed laws prohibiting food adulteration, providing for the inspection of meats, diminishing the immunity for witnesses, revising the naturalization laws, deciding on a lock canal at Panama, reorganizing the consular service on the merit basis, taking the tax of denatured alcohol creating a bureau of immigration which is expected to remedy some of the abuses in that field, establishing a national quarantine, giving a delegate to Alaska and placing her far on the road to a full territorial government, and fixing things so that Oklahoma and Indian Territory will enter the Union a few months hence as the forty-sixth state.

These were some of the largest measures enacted by the fifty-ninth congress in the session which ended on June 30, 1906. And, in December, 1905 when that session opened, neither congress nor the country looked for the passage of half or a third of those measures in that session or in the following one. For this reason the short session, when it started in December, 1906, felt like young Alexander, that there was nothing more to be done. But, like the Macedonian, it was mistaken. It found a good deal of work to do, and it did a large part of it. It has passed an expatriation bill, which provides that a naturalized citizen who resides abroad for five years shall be presumed to have abandoned his United States citizenship and thus can not call upon us to get him out of any Perdicardis-Raisuli. Complications which he gets into. It has passed laws to give the government the right of appeal in certain courts of criminal cases, prohibiting contributions by corporations to party campaign funds reorganizing and expanding the artillery corps, getting two additional battle ships and otherwise strengthening the navy, limiting the working hours of railway employees, granting subsidies to ships engaged in certain lines of foreign trade, reforming the currency system in one or two spots, and putting through an immigration law which carried with it a rider which adjusted the San Francisco-Japanese unpleasantness.

In addition to this important work of the second and closing session of congress, the senate ratified the Algeciras treaty which dealt with the Morocco difficulty, and it gave its sanction to the compact by which we

have established a receivership in Santa Domingo, whereby we collect the revenues of that country and put away part of them by which to pay its creditors, among which is the United States. The senate has also stamped on the fanatics who have been waging a war lasting four years against Senator Smoot, and decided by an overwhelming majority that Mr. Smoot's title to a seat in the senate was just as valid as that of Aldrich, Morgan, Lodge or any other of his associates. This is a very good record for a short session of congress, even though, in this session, several measures which the country would like to have seen passed failed to get on the statute book. When, in 1863, the thirty-seventh congress—the congress which raised the armies and navies and framed the legislation that put down the rebellion, adjourned without day, Solomon Foot, the senate's president pro tem, and speaker Glom of the house and their associates felt they had done a great work. The fifty-ninth congress was not called on to deal with such large issues as those which that predecessor encountered. Yet President Frye, Speaker Cannon and their colleagues when they end their labors will be justified in feeling that they have done some things in the past two years that the country will recall with pride for many decades to come.—Globe-Democrat.

Lost and Found.

Lost, between 9:30 p. m. yesterday and noon today, a billious attack, with nausea and sick headache. This loss was occasioned by finding at a drug store a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, the guaranteed cure for biliousness, malaria and jaundice. All druggists. 25c.

CITY TRANSFER CO

Now located at

Glauber's Stable.

We are ready for all kinds of hauling.
TELEPHONE 499

OUR SPECIALTY



We are the only dentists in Paducah who take out your old teeth and insert new ones the same day. The old and well trodden paths are good, but the new paths are better. We have taken the lead, so come with us.

Full set of teeth \$5.00
Gold Crowns, 22k \$3.00
Fillings 50c and up

Remember we use only the best materials and guarantee all gold work 10 years.

The Hill Dental Co.

204 1-2 Broadway. Over Cherry's Grocery.

W. F. Paxton, President. R. Rudy, Cashier. P. Puryear, Assistant Cashier.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK

Incorporated

Capital \$100,000
Surplus 50,000
Stockholders Liability 100,000

Total security to depositors \$250,000
Accounts of individuals and firms solicited. We appreciate small as well as large depositors and accord to all the same courteous treatment.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits

OPEN SATURDAY NIGHTS FROM 7 TO 8 O'CLOCK.

Third and Broadway

The New Spring Haberdashery

MORE and more of the new Spring Furnishing Goods are arriving every day—Neckwear, Shirts, Hosiery, etc., abounding in pleasing color combinations and handsome weaves.

The bulletin of late arrivals is very interesting and includes:

McCutcheon's

Imported Scotch Plaid Four in-Hands 50c at

Batswings

And four-in-hands in Scotch plaids, blacks and tobacco browns. 50c

Emery Shirts

Coat style, in both plaited and plain bosom, checks, plaids and the very swaggar stripes. \$1.00, \$1.50

Fownes' Gloves

For spring, English Walking and dress styles. \$2.00

See the Window Displays.

